

Structure of ZOOLOGY Syllabus

(Under CBCS for 3-year B.Sc. Programme)

(With domain subject covered during the first 4 Semesters with 5 Courses)

YEAR	SEM	PAPER	TITLE	MARKS (100)		CREDITS
				MID SEMESTER	END SEMESTER	
I	I	I	Animal Diversity – I Biology of Non-Chordates	25	75	04
			Practical - I	25	75	01
	II	II	Animal Diversity – II Biology of Chordates	25	75	04
			Practical - II	25	75	01
II	III	III	Cell biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology & Evolution	25	75	04
			Practical - III	25	75	01
	IV	IV	Physiology, Cellular Metabolism & Embryology	25	75	04
			Practical - IV	25	75	01
		V	Immunology & Animal Biotechnology	25	75	04
			Practical - V	25	75	01

PROGRAMME: THREE-YEAR B.Sc.
(With Chemistry, Botany and Zoology Disciplines)

As per the **National Education Policy, 2019** the **outcomes of Higher Education** include increased critical thinking abilities, higher order thinking and deeper learning, mastery of content, problem solving, team work and communication skills besides general engagement and enjoyment of learning including systematic research in India.

The overall objectives of the learning outcomes-based curriculum framework are to:

- Help formulate graduate attributes, qualification descriptors, programme learning outcomes and course learning outcomes that are expected to be demonstrated by the holder of a qualification;
- Enable prospective students, parents, employers and others to understand the nature and level of learning outcomes (knowledge, skills, attitudes and values) or attributes a graduate of a programme should be capable of demonstrating on successful completion of the programme of study.

Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs):

PEO1 Higher Education: Empower students to pursue higher studies in various fields of Biology and Chemistry.

PEO2 Career: Enable students to pursue careers in Chemical, Biological and related fields as demonstrated by professional success at positions within industry, government, or academia.

PEO3 Social responsibility: Enable students to exhibit professionalism, ethical attitude, communication skills and team work in their profession.

Program Outcomes (POs):

The Learning Outcomes of the programme could be in consonance with the Bloom's Taxonomy, which includes –

1. Remember (Lower order)
2. Understand (Lower Order)
3. Apply (Lower Order)
4. Analyze (Higher Order)

5. Evaluate& Problem Solving (Higher Order)
6. Create (Higher Order)

PO1Critical thinking: Able to understand and utilize the principles of scientific enquiry, think analytically, clearly and evaluate critically while solving problems and making decisions during biological study.

PO2Effective communication: Able to formally communicate Scientific ideas and investigations of the biology discipline to others using both oral and written communication skills.

PO3Social interaction: Able to develop individual behaviour and influence society and social structure.

PO4Effective citizenship: Able to work with a sense of responsibility towards social awareness and follow the ethical standards in the society.

PO5Ethics: Ability to demonstrate and discuss ethical conduct in scientific activities.

PO6Environment and Sustainability: Able to understand the impact of biological science in societal and environmental contexts and demonstrate the knowledge for sustainable development.

PO7Self-directed and life-long learning: Able to recognize the need of life-long learning and engage in research and self-education.

Domain Subject: ZOOLOGY

***(Syllabus with Outcomes, Co-curricular Activities, References & Model Q.P
for Five Courses of 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 Semesters)***

“The domain subject “Zoology”, embracing the fields of Animal diversity, Cell biology, Genetics, evolution, Animal physiology, Biochemistry, Embryology, Immunology, Molecular biology and Ecology gives the student a broad understanding of faunal diversity, various life processes involved in the development of an animal, its functioning, its response to environmental stimuli, molecular basis of life, new technological approach towards life, an insight for the lecturer into research and responsibility of the student towards environment”.

GENERAL CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

➤ **Lecturer-based:**

- 1) **Class-room activities:** Organization of Group discussions, question-answer sessions, scientific observations, use of audio-visual aids, guidance programmes, examination and evaluation work (scheduled and surprise tests), quizzes, preparation of question banks, student study material, material for PG entrance examinations etc.
- 2) **Library activities:** Reading books and magazines taking notes from prescribed and reference books and preparation of notes on lessons as per the syllabus; Reading journals and periodicals pertaining to different subjects of study; Making files of news-paper cuttings etc.
- 3) **Lab activities:** Organization of practicals, maintenance of lab attendance registers/log registers, maintenance of glassware and chemicals
- 4) **Activities in the Seminars, workshops and conferences:** Organization of at least one seminar/workshop/conference per academic year either on academic/research aspects and inculcate research spirit among students
- 5) **Research activities:** Student study projects (General / RBPT model), Minor or Major research projects, Research guidance to research scholars, Publication of research articles/papers (at least one in 2 years) in UGC-recognized journals, Registration in Vidwan/Orcid/Scopus/Web of Science
- 6) **Smart Classroom Activities:** Organization of Departmental WhatsApp groups, Edmodo groups/Google Class Rooms/Adobe Spark groups for quick delivery of the subject; Preparation of Moocs content & presentation tube lessons by trained lecturers; Using smart/digital/e- class rooms (mandatory) wherever present; Utilization of youtube videos (subject to copy rights) etc.

➤ **Student-based:**

- 1) **Class-room activities:** Power point presentations, seminars, assignments
- 2) **Library activities:** Visit to library during library hour and preparation of notes
- 3) **Lab activities:** Maintenance of observation note book and record, keeping lab clean and tidy
- 4) **Activities in the Seminars, workshops and conferences:** Participation/presentation in seminar/workshop/conference

CO-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

OBJECTIVES:

The co-curricular activities are aimed at strengthening the theoretical knowledge with an activity related to the content taught in the class room. The aesthetic development, character building, spiritual growth, physical growth, moral values, creativity of the student.

The different types of co-curricular activities relevant to Zoology domain are listed below:

➤ **Academic - based**

- Preparation of Charts/Clay or Thermocol Models
- Debates, Essay Writing Competitions
- Group Discussions
- Departmental (Zoology) magazine
- Formation of Book clubs
- Animal album-making
- Viva-Voce

➤ **Lab/Research –based**

- Digital dissections
- Field Visit/Excursions/Zoological Tours and submission of report
- Training at research centres (aquaculture/apiculture/sericulture etc.)
- Exposure to scientific instruments and hands-on experience

➤ **Value - based**

- Organization of first-aid camp, swachhbharat, cleanliness week, girl-child importance, Nutrition and health awareness etc.

➤ **Observation of Days of National/International Importance**

World Cancer Day (February 4 th)	International Biological Diversity Day (May 22 nd)
Darwin Day (February 12 th)	World Turtle Day (May 23 rd)
National Science Day (Feb 28 th)	World blood Donor Day (June 14 th)
World Wildlife day (March 3 rd)	World Zoonoses Day (July 6 th)
National Vaccination Day (March 16 th)	World Mosquito Day (August 20 th)
World Health Day (April 7 th)	World Turtle Day (May 23 rd)
Earth Day (April 22 nd)	World Mosquito Day (August 20 th)
Malaria Day (April 25 th)	World Animal day (October 4 th)
World Hepatitis Day (May 19 th)	World Immunization Day (November 10 th)

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w.e.f. 2020-21 (Revised in April, 2020)

ZOOLOGY – SEMESTER I

PAPER – I: ANIMAL DIVERSITY – BIOLOGY OF NONCHORDATES

HOURS: 60 (5X12)

Max. Marks: 100

Course Outcomes: By the completion of the course the graduate should be able to –

- CO1** Describe general taxonomic rules on animal classification
- CO2** Classify Protozoa to Coelenterata with taxonomic keys
- CO3** Classify Phylum Platyhelminthes to Annelida phylum using examples from parasitic adaptation and vermin composting
- CO4** Describe Phylum Arthropoda to Mollusca using examples and importance of insects and Molluscs
- CO5** Describe Echinodermata to Hemichordata with suitable examples and larval stages in relation to the phylogeny

Learning objectives

1. To understand the taxonomic position of protozoa to helminthes.
2. To understand the general characteristics of animals belonging to protozoa to hemichordata.
3. To understand the structural organization of animals phylum from protozoa to hemichordata.
4. To understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phyla from protozoa to hemichordata.
5. To understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phylum from annelids to hemichordates.

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ZOOLOGY - SEMESTER I

PAPER – I: ANIMAL DIVERSITY – BIOLOGY OF NONCHORDATES

HOURS:60 (5X12)

Max. Marks: 100

UNIT I

- 1.1 Principles of Taxonomy – Binomial nomenclature – Rules of nomenclature
- 1.2 Whittaker's five kingdom concept and classification of Animal Kingdom.

Phylum Protozoa

- 1.3 General Characters and classification of protozoa up to classes with suitable examples
- 1.4 Locomotion, nutrition and reproduction in Protozoans
- 1.5 *Elphidium* (type study)

UNIT –II

Phylum Porifera

- 2.1 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 2.2 Skeleton in Sponges
- 2.3 Canal system in sponges

Phylum Coelenterata

- 2.4 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 2.5 Metagenesis in *Obelia*
- 2.6 Polymorphism in coelenterates
- 2.7 Corals and coral reefs

Phylum Ctenophora :

- 2.8 General Characters and Evolutionary significance (affinities)

Unit – III

Phylum Platyhelminthes

- 3.1 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples
- 3.2 Life cycle and pathogenicity of *Fasciola hepatica*

3.3 Parasitic Adaptations in helminthes

Phylum Nemathelminthes

3.4 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples

3.5 Life cycle and pathogenecity of *Ascarislumbricoides*

Unit – IV

Phylum Annelida

4.1 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples

4.2 Evolution of Coelom and Coelomoducts

4.3 Vermiculture - Scope, significance, earthworm species, processing, Vermicompost, economic importance of vermicompost

Phylum Arthropoda

4.4 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples

4.5 Vision and respiration in Arthropoda

4.6 Metamorphosis in Insects

4.7 *Peripatus* - Structure and affinities

4.8 Social Life in Bees and Termites

Unit – V

Phylum Mollusca

5.1 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples

5.2 Pearl formation in Pelecypoda

5.3 Sense organs in Mollusca

Phylum Echinodermata

5.4 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples

5.5 Water vascular system in star fish

5.6 Larval forms of Echinodermata

Phylum Hemichordata

5.7 General characters and classification up to classes with suitable examples

5.8 *Balanoglossus* - Structure and affinities

Co-curricular activities (suggested)

- Preparation of chart/model of phylogenic tree of life, 5-kingdom classification, *Elphidium* life cycle etc.
- Visit to Zoology museum or Coral island as part of Zoological tour
- Charts on life cycle of *Obelia*, polymorphism, sponge spicules
- Clay models of canal system in sponges
- Preparation of charts on life cycles of *Fasciola* and *Ascaris*
- Visit to adopted village and conducting awareness campaign on diseases, to people as part of Social Responsibility.
- Plaster-of-paris or Thermocol model of *Peripatus*
- Construction of a vermicompost in each college, manufacture of manure by students and donating to local farmers
- Models of compound eye, bee hive and termitarium (termitaria) by students
- Visit to apiculture centre and short-term training as part of apprenticeship programme of the govt. Of Andhra Pradesh
- Chart on pearl forming layers using clay or Thermocol
- Visit to a pearl culture rearing industry/institute
- Live model of water vascular system
- Phylogeny chart on echinoderm larvae and their evolutionary significance
- Preparation of charts depicting the feeding mechanism, 3 coeloms, tornaria larva etc., of *Balanoglossus*

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. **L.H. Hyman** '*The Invertebrates*' Vol I, II and V. – M.C. Graw Hill Company Ltd.
2. **Kotpal, R.L. 1988 - 1992** Protozoa, Porifera, Coelenterata, Helminthes, Arthropoda, Mollusca, Echinodermata. Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
3. **E.L. Jordan and P.S. Verma** '*Invertebrate Zoology*' S. Chand and Company.
4. **R.D. Barnes** '*Invertebrate Zoology*' by: W.B. Saunders CO., 1986.
5. **Barrington. E.J.W.**, '*Invertebrate structure and Function*' by ELBS.
- 6 **P.S. Dhami and J.K. Dhami.** Invertebrate Zoology. S. Chand and Co. New Delhi.
7. **Parker, T.J. and Haswell** '*A text book of Zoology*' by, W.A., Mac Millan Co. London.
8. **Barnes, R.D. (1982).** *Invertebrate Zoology*, V Edition"

Dr. V. S. KRISHNA GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VISAKHAPATNAM
ZOOLOGY MODEL PAPER FOR I SEMESTER

ZOOLOGY - PAPER - I

ANIMAL DIVERSITY – BIOLOGY OF NONCHORDATES

Time : 3 hrs

Max. Marks : 75

I. Answer any FIVE of the following :

5x5=25

Draw labeled diagrams wherever necessary

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.

II. Answer any FIVE of the following:

5x10=50

Draw labeled diagrams wherever necessary

- 9.

OR

- 10.

OR

- 11.

OR

- 12.

OR

- 13.

OR

ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL SYLLABUS FOR I SEMESTER

ZOOLOGY - PAPER - I

PAPER - I :ANIMAL DIVERSITY - BIOLOGY OF NONCHORDATES

Periods: 24

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Outcomes:

- To understand the importance of preservation of museum specimens
- To identify animals based on special identifying characters
- To understand different organ systems through demo or virtual dissections
- To maintain a neat, labeled record of identified museum specimens

Syllabus :

1. Study of museum slides / specimens / models (Classification of animals up to orders)

Protozoa: *Amoeba*, *Paramoecium*, *Paramoecium* Binary fission and Conjugation, *Vorticella*, *Entamoebahistoltytica*, *Plasmodium vivax*

Porifera: *Sycon*, *Spongilla*, *Euspongia*, *Sycon*- T.S & L.S, Spicules, Gemmule

Coelenterata: *Obelia* – Colony & *Medusa*, *Aurelia*, *Physalia*, *Velella*, *Corallium*, *Gorgonia*, *Pennatulav.*

Platyhelminthes: *Planaria*, *Fasciola hepatica*, *Fasciolalarval* forms – Miracidium, *Redia*, *Cercaria*, *Echinococcusgranulosus*, *Taeniasolium*, *Schistosomahaematobiumvii.*

Nemathelminthes: *Ascaris*(Male & Female), *Drancunculus*, *Ancylostoma*, *Wuchereria*

Annelida: *Nereis*, *Aphrodite*, *Chaetopteurs*, *Hirudinaria*, Trochophore larva

Arthropoda: *Cancer*, *Palaemon*, *Scorpion*, *Scolopendra*, *Sacculina*, *Limulus*, *Peripatus*, Larvae - Nauplius, Mysis, Zoea, Mouth parts of male &female *Anopheles* and *Culex*, Mouthparts of Housefly and Butterfly. xiii.

Mollusca: *Chiton*, *Pila*, *Unio*, *Pteredo*, *Murex*, *Sepia*, *Loligo*, *Octopus*, *Nautilus*, *Glochidium* larva

Echinodermata: *Asterias, Ophiothrix, Echinus, Clypeaster, Cucumaria, Antedon*,
Bipinnaria larva

Hemichordata: *Balanoglossus*, Tornaria larva

2. Dissections:

1. Prawn: Appendages, Digestive system, Nervous system, Mounting of Statocyst

2. Insect Mouth Parts

3. Laboratory Record work shall be submitted at the time of practical examination

4. An “**Animal album**” containing photographs, cut outs, with appropriate write up about the above mentioned taxa. Different taxa/ topics may be given to different sets of students for this purpose

5. Computer - aided techniques should be adopted or show virtual dissections

REFERENCE MANUALS:

1. Practical Zoology- Invertebrates S.S. Lal

2. Practical Zoology - Invertebrates P.S. Verma

3. Practical Zoology - Invertebrates K.P. Kurl

4. Ruppert and Barnes (2006) Invertebrate Zoology, 8th Edition, Holt Saunders
International Edition

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w.e.f. 2020-21 (Revised in April, 2020)

ZOOLOGY –SEMESTER II

PAPER – II: ANIMAL DIVERSITY – BIOLOGY OF CHORDATES

HOURS :60 (5X12)

Max. Marks:100

Course Outcomes:

By the completion of the course the graduate should be able to -

- CO1** Describe general taxonomic rules on animal classification of chordates
- CO2** Classify Protochordata to Mammalia with taxonomic keys
- CO3** Understand Mammals with specific structural adaptations
- CO4** Understand the significance of dentition and evolutionary significance
- CO5** Understand the origin and evolutionary relationship of different phyla from Protochordata to mammalia.

Learning objectives

1. To understand the animal kingdom .
2. To understand the taxonomic position of Protochordata to Mammalia.
3. To understand the general characteristics of animals belonging to Fishes to Reptilians.
4. To understand the body organization of Chordata.
5. To understand the taxonomic position of Protherian mammals.

ZOOLOGY SYLLABUS FOR II SEMESTER

PAPER – II: ANIMAL DIVERSITY – BIOLOGY OF CHORDATES

HOURS: 60 (5X12)

Max. Marks: 100

Unit - I

- 1.1 General characters and classification of Chordata upto classes
- 1.2 Protochordata- Salient features of Cephalochordata , Affinities of Cephalochordata.
- 1.3 Salient features of Urochordata
- 1.4 Structure and life history of *Herdmania*
- 1.5 Retrogressive metamorphosis –Process and Significance

Unit - II

- 2.1 Cyclostomata, General characters, Comparison of *Petromyzon* and *Myxine*
- 2.2 Pisces : General characters of Fishes
- 2.3 *Scoliodon*: External features, Digestive system, Respiratory system, Structure and function of Heart, Structure and functions of the Brain.
- 2.4 Migration in Fishes
- 2.5 Types of Scales
- 2.6 Dipnoi

Unit - III

- 3.1 General characters of Amphibia
- 3.2 Classification of Amphibia up to orders with examples.
- 3.3 *Rana hexadactyla*: External features, Digestive system, Respiratory system, Structure and function of Heart, structure and functions of the Brain
- 3.4 Reptilia: General characters of Reptilia, Classification of Reptilia upto orders with examples
- 3.5 *Calotes*: External features, Digestive system, Respiratory system, Structure and function of Heart, structure and function of Brain
- 3.6 Identification of Poisonous snakes and Skull in reptiles

Unit - IV

- 4.1 Aves General characters of Aves
- 4.2 *Columba livia*: External features, Digestive system, Respiratory system, Structure and function of Heart, structure and function of Brain
- 4.3 Migration in Birds
- 4.4 Flight adaptation in birds

Unit - V

- 5.1 General characters of Mammalia
- 5.2 Classification of Mammalia upto sub - classes with examples
- 5.3 Comparison of Prototherians, Metatherians and Eutherians
- 5.4 Dentition in mammals

Co-curricular activities (suggested)

- Preparation of charts on Chordate classification (with representative animal photos) and retrogressive metamorphosis
- Thermocol or Clay models of Herdmania and Amphioxus
- Visit to local fish market and identification of local cartilaginous and bony fishes
- Maintaining of aquarium by students
- Thermocol model of fish heart and brain
- Preparation of slides of scales of fishes
- Visit to local/nearby river to identify migratory fishes and prepare study notes
- Preparation of Charts on above topics by students (Eg: comparative account of vertebrate heart/brain/lungs, identification of snakes etc.)
- Collecting and preparation of Museum specimens with dead frogs/snakes/lizards etc., and/or their skeletons
- Additional input on types of snake poisons and their antidotes (student activity).
- Collection of bird feathers and submission of report on Plumology
- Taxidermic preparation of dead birds for Zoology museum
- Map pointing of prototherian and metatherian mammals
- Chart preparation for dentition in mammals

REFERENCE BOOKS

- J.Z. Young, 2006. The life of vertebrates. (The Oxford University Press, New Delhi). 646 pages. Reprinted
- Arumugam, N. Chordate Zoology, Vol. 2. SarasPlublication. 278 pages. 200 figs.
- A.J. Marshall, 1995. Textbook of zoology, Vertebrates. (The McMillan Press Ltd., UK). 852 pages. (Revised edition of Parker & Haswell, 1961).
- M. EkambaranathaAyyar, 1973. A manual of zoology. Part II. (S. ViswanathanPvt. Ltd., Madras).
- P.S. Dhami & J.K. Dhami, 1981. Chordate zoology. (R. Chand & Co.). 550 pages.
- Gurdarshan Singh & H. Bhaskar, 2002. Advanced Chordate Zoology. Campus Books, 6 Vols., 1573 pp., tables, figs.
- A.K. Sinha, S. Adhikari & B.B. Ganguly, 1978. Biology of animals. Vol. II. Chordates. (New Central Book Agency, Calcutta). 560 pages.
- R.L. Kotpal, 2000. Modern textbook of zoology, Vertebrates. (Rastogi Publ., Meerut). 632 pages.
- E.L. Jordan & P.S. Verma, 1998. Chordate zoology. (S. Chand & Co.). 1092 pages.
- G.S. Sandhu, 2005. Objective Chordate Zoology. Campus Books, vii, 169 pp.
- Sandhu, G.S. & H. Bhaskar, H. 2004. Textbook of Chordate Zoology. Campus Books, 2 vols., xx, 964 p., figs.
- Veena, 2008. Lower Chordata. (Sonali Publ.), 374 p., tables, 117 figs.

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ZOOLOGY MODEL PAPER FOR II SEMESTER
ZOOLOGY - PAPER - II

ANIMAL DIVERSITY – BIOLOGY OF CHORDATES

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 75

I. Answer any FIVE of the following:

5x5=25

Draw labeled diagrams wherever necessary

1. *Amphioxus*
2. Placoid scale
3. Quill feather
4. Prototheria
5. Anadromous migration
6. *Draco*
7. Emu
8. Apoda

II. Answer any FIVE of the following:

5x10=50

Draw labeled diagrams wherever necessary

9. Explain the life history of *Herdmania*

OR

Explain the origin and general characters of chordates

10. Compare the characters of *Petromyzon* and *Myxine*

OR

Describe the structure of heart of *Scoliodon*

11. Describe the brain of *Rana hexadactyla*

OR

Explain the external features of *Calotes*

12. Write an essay on flight adaptations in birds

OR

Explain the respiratory system of *Columba livia*

13. Compare the characters of Metatheria and Eutheria

OR

Write an essay on dentition in Mammals.

ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL SYLLABUS FOR II SEMESTER

ZOOLOGY - PAPER - II

ANIMAL DIVERSITY - BIOLOGY OF CHORDATES

Periods: 24

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Outcomes:

- To understand the taxidermic and other methods of preservation of chordates
- To identify chordates based on special identifying characters
- To understand internal anatomy of animals through demo or virtual dissections, thus directing the student for “empathy towards the fellow living beings”
- To maintain a neat, labeled record of identified museum specimens

OBSERVATION OF THE FOLLOWING SLIDES / SPOTTERS / MODELS

1. Protochordata : *Herdmania*, *Amphioxus*, *Amphioxus* T.S through pharynx.
2. Cyclostomata : *Petromyzon* and *Myxine*.
3. Pisces : *Pristis*, *Torpedo*, *Hippocoampus*, *Exocoetus*, *Echeneis*, *Labeo*, *Catla*, *Clarius*, *Channa*, *Anguilla*.
4. Amphibia : *Ichthyophis*, *Amblystoma*, *Axolotl* larva, *Hyla*,
5. Reptilia: *Draco*, *Chamaeleon*, *Uromastix*, *Testudo*, *Trionyx*, *Russels viper*, *Naja*, *Krait*, *Hydrophis*, *Crocodile*.
6. Aves : *Psittacula*, *Eudynamis*, *Bubo*, *Alcedo*.
7. Mammalia: *Ornithorhynchus*, *Pteropus*, *Funambulus*.

Dissections-

1. *Scoliodon* IX and X, Cranial nerves
2. *Scoliodon* Brain
3. Mounting of fish scales

Note: 1. Dissections are to be demonstrated only by the faculty or virtual.

2. Laboratory Record work shall be submitted at the time of practical examination.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. S.S.Lal, Practical Zoology – Vertebrata
2. P.S.Verma, A manual of Practical Zoology – Chordata

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w.e.f. 2020-21 (Revised in April, 2020)

ZOOLOGY – SEMESTER III

**PAPER – III: CELL BIOLOGY, GENETICS, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND
EVOLUTION**

HOURS:60 (5X12)

Max. Marks:100

Course Outcomes:

The overall course outcome is that the student shall develop deeper understanding of what life is and how it functions at cellular level. This course will provide students with a deep knowledge in Cell Biology, Animal Biotechnology and Evolution and by the completion of the course the graduate shall able to –

- CO1** To understand the basic unit of the living organisms and to differentiate the organisms by their cell structure.
- CO2** Describe fine structure and function of plasma membrane and different cell organelles of eukaryotic cell.
- CO3** To understand the history of origin of branch of genetics, gain knowledge on heredity, interaction of genes, various types of inheritance patterns existing in animals
- CO4** Acquiring in-depth knowledge on various aspects of genetics involved in sex determination, human karyotyping and mutations of chromosomes resulting in various disorders
- CO5** Understand the central dogma of molecular biology and flow of genetic information from DNA to proteins.
- CO6** Understand the principles and forces of evolution of life on earth, the process of evolution of new species and apply the same to develop new and advanced varieties of animals for the benefit of the society

Learning Objectives

- To understand the origin of cell and distinguish between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell
- To understand the role of different cell organelles in maintenance of life activities
- To provide the history and basic concepts of heredity, variations and gene interaction
- To enable the students distinguish between polygenic, sex-linked, and multiple allelic modes of inheritance.
- To acquaint student with basic concepts of molecular biology as to how characters are expressed with a coordinated functioning of replication, transcription and translation in all living beings
- To provide knowledge on origin of life, theories and forces of evolution
- To understand the role of variations and mutations in evolution of organisms

ZOOLOGY SYLLABUS FOR III SEMESTER

**PAPER – III: CELL BIOLOGY, GENETICS, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND
EVOLUTION**

HOURS: 60 (5X12)

Max. Marks: 100

Unit – I Cell Biology

- 1.1 Definition, history, prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, virus, viroids, mycoplasma
- 1.2 Electron microscopic structure of animal cell.
- 1.3 Plasma membrane –Models and transport functions of plasma membrane.
- 1.4 Structure and functions of Golgi complex, Endoplasmic Reticulum and Lysosomes
- 1.5 Structure and functions of Ribosomes, Mitochondria, Nucleus, Chromosomes

(Note: 1. General pattern of study of each cell organelle – Discovery, Occurrence, Number, Origin, Structure and Functions with suitable diagrams)
2. Need not study cellular respiration under mitochondrial functions)

Unit – II Genetics - I

- 2. 1 Mendel's work on transmission of traits
- 2. 2 Gene Interaction – Incomplete Dominance, Codominance, Lethal Genes
- 2. 3 Polygenes (General Characteristics & examples); Multiple Alleles (General Characteristics and Blood group inheritance)
- 2. 4 Sex determination (Chromosomal, Genic Balance, Hormonal, Environmental and Haplo-diploidy types of sex determination)
- 2. 5 Sex linked inheritance (X-linked, Y-linked & XY-linked inheritance)

Unit – III Genetics - II

- 3.1 Mutations & Mutagenesis
- 3.2 Chromosomal Disorders (Autosomal and Allosomal)
- 3.3 Human Genetics – Karyotyping, Pedigree Analysis (basics)
- 3.4 Basics on Genomics and Proteomics

UNIT IV: Molecular Biology

- 4.1 Central Dogma of Molecular Biology

4.2 Basic concepts of -

- a. DNA replication – Overview (Semi-conservative mechanism, Semi-discontinuous mode, Origin & Propagation of replication fork)
- b. Transcription in prokaryotes – Initiation, Elongation and Termination, Post-transcriptional modifications (basics)
- c. Translation – Initiation, Elongation and Termination

4.3 Gene Expression in prokaryotes (Lac Operon); Gene Expression in eukaryotes

Unit - V

5.1 Origin of life

5.2 Theories of Evolution: Lamarckism, Darwinism, Germ Plasm Theory, Mutation Theory

5.3 Neo-Darwinism: Modern Synthetic Theory of Evolution, Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium

5.4 Forces of Evolution: Isolating mechanisms, Genetic Drift, Natural Selection, Speciation

Co-curricular activities (Suggested)

- Model of animal cell
- Working model of mitochondria to encourage creativity among students
- Photo album of scientists of cell biology
- Charts on plasma membrane models/cell organelles
- Observation of Mendelian / Non-Mendelian inheritance in the plants of college botanical garden or local village as a student study project activity
- Observation of blood group inheritance in students, from their parents and grand parents
- Karyotyping and preparation of pedigree charts for identifying diseases in family history
- Charts on chromosomal disorders
- Charts on central dogma/lac operon/genetic code
- Model of semi-conservative model of DNA replication
- Model of tRNA and translation mechanism
- Power point presentation of transcription or any other topic by students
- Draw geological time scale and highlight important events along the time line

- Chart on industrial melanism to teach directed selection, Darwin's finches to teach genetic drift, collection of data on weight of children born in primary health centres to teach stabilizing selection etc.

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4. Rastogi, Cytology
5. Varma & Aggarwal, Cell Biology
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and Sons Inc.
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Genetic Analysis. IX Edition. W. H. Freeman and Co.
12. Ridley, M. (2004). Evolution. III Edition. Blackwell Publishing
13. Molecular Biology by freifelder
14. Instant Notes in Molecular Biology by Bios scientific publishers and Viva Books
Private Limited
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17. Douglas, J. Futuyma (1997). Evolutionary Biology. Sinauer Associates.
18. Minkoff, E. (1983). Evolutionary Biology. Addison-Wesley.
19. James D. Watson, Nancy H. Hopkins 'Molecular Biology of the Gene'
20. Jan M. Savage. Evolution, 2nd ed, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.
21. Gupta P.K., 'Genetics

ZOOLOGY MODEL PAPER FOR III SEMESTER

ZOOLOGY - PAPER - III

CELL BIOLOGY, GENETICS, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND EVOLUTION

Time : 3 hrs

Max. Marks : 75

I. Answer any FIVE of the following :

5x5=25

Draw labeled diagrams wherever necessary

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.

II. Answer any FIVE of the following:

5x10=50

Draw labeled diagrams wherever necessary

- 9.

OR

- 10.

OR

- 11.

OR

- 12.

OR

- 13.

OR

ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL SYLLABUS FOR III SEMESTER

ZOOLOGY - PAPER - III

CELL BIOLOGY, GENETICS, MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND EVOLUTION

Periods: 24

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Objectives:

- Acquainting and skill enhancement in the usage of laboratory microscope
- Hands-on experience of different phases of cell division by experimentation
- Develop skills on human karyotyping and identification of chromosomal disorders
- To apply the basic concept of inheritance for applied research
- To get familiar with phylogeny and geological history of origin & evolution of animals

I. Cell Biology

1. Preparation of temporary slides of Mitotic divisions with onion root tips
2. Observation of various stages of Mitosis and Meiosis with prepared slides
3. Mounting of salivary gland chromosomes of *Chironomus*

II. Genetics

1. Study of Mendelian inheritance using suitable examples and problems
2. Problems on blood group inheritance and sex linked inheritance
3. Study of human karyotypes (Down's syndrome, Edwards, syndrome, Patau syndrome, Turner's syndrome and Klinefelter syndrome)

III. Evolution

1. Study of fossil evidences
2. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens and pictures
3. Phylogeny of horse with pictures
4. Study of Genetic Drift by using examples of Darwin's finches (pictures)
5. Visit to Natural History Museum and submission of report

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Burns GW. 1972. *The Science of Genetics. An Introduction to Heredity*. Mac Millan Publ. Co.Inc.
2. Gardner EF. 1975. *Principles of Genetics*. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New York.
3. Harth and Jones EW. 1998. *Genetics – Principles and Analysis*. Jones and BarHett Publ. Boston.
4. Levine L. 1969. *Biology of the Gene*. Toppan.
5. Pedder IJ. 1972. *Genetics as a Basic Guide*. W. Norton & Company, Inc.
6. Rastogi VB. 1991. *A Text Book of Genetics*. KedarNath Ram Nath Publications, Meerut, Uttar Pradesh, India.
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8. Stahl FW. 1965. *Mechanics of Inheritance*. Prentice-Hall.
9. White MJD. 1973. *Animal Cytology and Evolution*. Cambridge Univ.Press.

Dr. V.S. KRISHNA GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VISAKHAPATNAM

w.e.f. 2020-21 (Revised in April, 2020)

ZOOLOGY – SEMESTER IV

**PAPER – IV: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY, CELLULAR METABOLISM AND
EMBRYOLOGY**

HOURS : 60 (5X12)

Max. Marks: 100

Course Outcomes:

This course will provide students with a deep knowledge in Physiology, Cellular metabolism and Molecular Biology and by the completion of the course the graduate shall able to –

CO1 Understand the functions of important animal physiological systems including digestion, cardio-respiratory and renal systems.

CO2 Understand the muscular system and the neuro-endocrine regulation of animal growth, development and metabolism with a special knowledge of hormonal control of human reproduction.

CO3 Describe the structure, classification and chemistry of biomolecules and enzymes responsible for sustenance of life in living organisms

CO4 Develop broad understanding the basic metabolic activities pertaining to the catabolism and anabolism of various biomolecules

CO5 Describe the key events in early embryonic development starting from the formation of gametes upto gastrulation and formation of primary germ layers.

Learning Objectives

- To achieve a thorough understanding of various aspects of physiological systems and their functioning in animals.
- To instil the concept of hormonal regulation of physiology, metabolism and reproduction in animals.
- To understand the disorders associated with the deficiency of hormones
- To demonstrate a thorough knowledge of the intersection between the disciplines of Biology and Chemistry.
- To provide insightful knowledge on the structure and classification of carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and enzymes
- To demonstrate an understanding of fundamental biochemical principles such as the function of biomolecules, metabolic pathways and the regulation of biochemical processes
- To make students gain proficiency in laboratory techniques in biochemistry and orient them to apply the scientific method to the processes of experimentation and hypothesis testing.

Dr. V.S. KRISHNA GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VISAKHAPATNAM
ZOOLOGY SYLLABUS FOR IV SEMESTER
PAPER – IV: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY, CELLULAR METABOLISM AND
EMBRYOLOGY

HOURS: 60 (5X12)

Max. Marks: 100

UNIT I Animal Physiology - I

1.1 Process of digestion and assimilation

1.2 Respiration - Pulmonary ventilation, transport of oxygen and CO₂

(Note: Need not study cellular respiration here)

1.3 Circulation - Structure and functioning of heart, Cardiac cycle

1.4 Excretion - Structure and functions of kidney urine formation, counter current
Mechanism

UN IT II Animal Physiology - II

2.1 Nerve impulse transmission - Resting membrane potential, origin and propagation of action potentials along myelinated and non-myelinated nerve fibers

2.2 Muscle contraction - Ultra structure of muscle, molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction

2.3 Endocrine glands - Structure, functions of hormones of pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal glands and pancreas

2.4 Hormonal control of reproduction in a mammal

UNIT III Cellular Metabolism – I (Biomolecules)

3.1 Carbohydrates - Classification of carbohydrates. Structure of glucose

3.2 Proteins - Classification of proteins. General properties of amino acids

3.3 Lipids - Classification of lipids

3.4 Enzymes: Classification and Mechanism of Action

UNIT IV Cellular Metabolism – II

4.1 Carbohydrate Metabolism - Glycolysis, Krebs cycle, Electron Transport Chain, Glycogen metabolism, Gluconeogenesis

4.2 Lipid Metabolism – β -oxidation of palmitic acid

4.3 Protein metabolism - Transamination, Deamination and Urea Cycle

Unit – V Embryology

- 5.1 Gametogenesis
- 5.2 Fertilization
- 5.3 Types of eggs
- 5.4 Types of cleavages
- 5. 5 Development of Frog upto formation of primary germ layers

Co-curricular activities (Suggested)

- Chart on cardiac cycle, human lung, kidney/nephron structure etc.
- Working model of human / any mammalian heart.
- Chart of sarcomere/location of endocrine glands in human body
- Chart affixing of photos of people suffering from hormonal disorders
- Student study projects such as identification of incidence of hormonal disorders in the local primary health centre, studying the reasons thereof and measures to curb or any other as the lecturer feels good in nurturing health awareness among students
- Chart on structures of biomolecules/types of amino acids (essential and non-essential)Chart preparation by students on Glycolysis / kreb's cycle/urea cycle etc.
- Model of electron transport chain
- Preparation of models of different types of eggs in animals
- Chart on frog embryonic development, fate map of frog blastula, cleavage etc.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Eckert H. *Animal Physiology: Mechanisms and Adaptation*. W.H. Freeman & Company.
2. Flory E. *An Introduction to General and Comparative Animal Physiology*. W.B. Saunders Co., Philadelphia.
3. Goel KA and Satish KV. 1989. *A Text Book of Animal Physiology*, Rastogi Publications, Meerut, U.P.
4. Hoar WS. *General and Comparative Physiology*. Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
5. Lehninger AL. Nelson and Cox. *Principles of Biochemistry*. Lange Medical Publications, New Delhi.
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7. Developmental Biology by Balinsky
8. Developmental Biology by Gerard Karp
9. Chordate embryology by Varma and Agarwal
10. Embryology by V.B. Rastogi
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Dr. V.S. KRISHNA GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VISAKHAPATNAM

ZOOLOGY MODEL PAPER FOR IV SEMESTER

ZOOLOGY - PAPER - IV

ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY, CELLULAR METABOLISM AND EMBRYOLOGY

Time : 3 hrs

Max. Marks : 75

I. Answer any FIVE of the following :

5x5=25

Draw labeled diagrams wherever necessary

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.

II. Answer any FIVE of the following:

5x10=50

Draw labeled diagrams wherever necessary

- 9.

OR

- 10.

OR

- 11.

OR

- 12.

OR

- 13.

OR

Dr. V.S. KRISHNA GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VISAKHAPATNAM
ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL SYLLABUS FOR IV SEMESTER

ZOOLOGY - PAPER - IV

ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY, CELLULAR METABOLISM AND EMBRYOLOGY

Periods: 24

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Objectives:

- Identification of an organ system with histological structure
- Deducing human health based on the information of composition of blood cells
- Demonstration of enzyme activity *in vitro*
- Identification of various biomolecules of tissues by simple colorimetric methods and also quantitative methods
- Identification of different stages of earl embryonic development in animals

I. ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY

1. Qualitative tests for identification of carbohydrates, proteins and fats
2. Study of activity of salivary amylase under optimum conditions
3. T.S. of duodenum, liver, lung, kidney, spinal cord, bone and cartilage
4. Differential count of human blood

II. CELLULAR METABOLISM

1. Estimation of total proteins in given solutions by Lowry's method.
2. Estimation of total carbohydrate by Anthrone method.
3. Qualitative tests for identification of ammonia, urea and uric acid
4. Protocol for Isolation of DNA in animal cells

III. EMBRYOLOGY

1. Study of T.S. of testis, ovary of a mammal
2. Study of different stages of cleavages (2, 4, 8 cell stages)
3. Construction of fate map of frog blastula

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry
- Cell and molecular biology: Concepts & experiments. VI Ed. John Wiley & sons. Inc.
- Lab Manual on Blood Analysis and Medical Diagnostics, S. Chand and Co. Ltd.
- Laboratory techniques by Plummer

Dr. V.S. KRISHNA GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VISAKHAPATNAM

w.e.f. 2020-21 (Revised in April, 2020)

ZOOLOGY – SEMESTER IV

COURSE – 5: IMMUNOLOGY AND ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

HOURS : 60 (5X12)

Max. Marks: 100

Course Outcomes:

This course will provide students with a deep knowledge in immunology, genetics, embryology and ecology and by the completion of the course the graduate shall able to –

- CO1** To get knowledge of the organs of Immune system, types of immunity, cells and organs of immunity.
- CO2** To describe immunological response as to how it is triggered (antigens) and regulated (antibodies)
- CO3** Understand the applications of Biotechnology in the fields of industry and agriculture including animal cell/tissue culture, stem cell technology and genetic engineering.
- CO4** Get familiar with the tools and techniques of animal biotechnology.

Learning Objectives

- To trace the history and development of immunology
- To provide students with a foundation in immunological processes
- To be able to compare and contrast the innate versus adaptive immune systems and humoral versus cell-mediated immune responses
- Understand the significance of the Major Histocompatibility Complex in terms of immune response and transplantation
- To provide knowledge on animal cell and tissue culture and their preservation
- To empower students with latest biotechnology techniques like stem cell technology, genetic engineering, hybridoma technology, transgenic technology and their application in medicine and industry for the benefit of living organisms
 - To explain *in vitro* fertilization, embryo transfer technology and other reproduction manipulation methodologies.
 - To get insight in applications or recombinant DNA technology in agriculture, production of therapeutic proteins.
 - To understand principles of animal culture and media preparation.

Dr. V.S. KRISHNA GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VISAKHAPATNAM
ZOOLOGY SYLLABUS FOR SEMESTER - IV
COURSE – 5: IMMUNOLOGY AND ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

HOURS : 60 (5X12)

Max. Marks: 100

Unit – I Immunology – I (Overview of Immune system)

- 1.1 Introduction to basic concepts in Immunology
- 1.2 Innate and adaptive immunity, Vaccines and Immunization programme
- 1.3 Cells of immune system
- 1.4 Organs of immune system

Unit – II Immunology – II (Antigens, Antibodies, MHC and Hypersensitivity)

- 2.1 Antigens: Basic properties of antigens, B and T cell epitopes, haptens and adjuvants; Factors influencing immunogenicity
- 2.2 Antibodies: Structure of antibody, Classes and functions of antibodies
- 2.3 Structure and functions of major histocompatibility complexes
- 2.4 Exogenous and Endogenous pathways of antigen presentation and processing
- 2.5 Hypersensitivity – Classification and Types

Unit – III Techniques

- 2.1 Animal Cell, Tissue and Organ culture media: Natural and Synthetic media,
- 2.2 Cell cultures: Establishment of cell culture (primary culture, secondary culture, types of cell lines; Protocols for Primary Cell Culture); Established Cell lines (common examples such as MRC, HeLa, CHO, BHK, Vero); Organ culture; Cryopreservation of cultures
- 2.3 Stem cells: Types of stem cells and applications
- 2.4 Hybridoma Technology: Production & applications of Monoclonal antibodies (mAb)

Unit - IV: Applications of Animal Biotechnology

- 3.1** Genetic Engineering: Basic concept, Vectors, Restriction Endonucleases and Recombinant DNA technology
- 3.2** Gene delivery: Microinjection, electroporation, biolistic method (gene gun), liposome and viral-mediated gene delivery
- 3.3** Transgenic Animals: Strategies of Gene transfer; Transgenic - sheep, - fish; applications
- 3.4** Manipulation of reproduction in animals: Artificial Insemination, *In vitro* fertilization, super ovulation, Embryo transfer, Embryo cloning

Unit - V

- 4.1. PCR: Basics of PCR.
- 4.2 DNA Sequencing: Sanger's method of DNA sequencing- traditional and automated sequencing (2 hrs)
- 4.3 Hybridization techniques: Southern, Northern and Western blotting
- 4.4 DNA fingerprinting: Procedure and applications
- 4.5 Applications in Industry and Agriculture: Fermentation: Different types of Fermentation and Downstream processing; Agriculture: Monoculture in fishes, polyploidy in fishes

Co-curricular activities (suggested)

- Organizing awareness on immunization importance in local village in association with NCC and NSS teams
- Charts on types of cells and organs of immune system
- Student study projects on aspects such as – identification of allergies among students (hypersensitivity), blood groups in the class (antigens and antibodies duly reported) etc., as per the creativity and vision of the lecturer and students
- Visit to research laboratory in any University as part of Zoological tour and exposure and/or hands-on training on animal cell culture.
- Visit to biotechnological laboratory in University or any central/state institutes and create awareness on PCR, DNA finger printing and blot techniques or Visit to a fermentation industry or Visit to a local culture pond and submit report on culture of fishes etc.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Immunology by Ivan M. Riott
2. Immunology by Kubey
3. Sreekrishna V. 2005. *Biotechnology –I, Cell Biology and Genetics*. New Age International Publ.New Delhi, India.

Dr. V.S. KRISHNA GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VISAKHAPATNAM
ZOOLOGY MODEL PAPER FOR V SEMESTER

COURSE – 5: IMMUNOLOGY AND ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 75

I. Answer any FIVE of the following:

5x5=25

Draw labeled diagrams wherever necessary

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.
- 7.
- 8.

II. Answer any FIVE of the following:

5x10=50

Draw labeled diagrams wherever necessary

- 9.

OR

- 10.

OR

- 11.

OR

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OR

- 13.

OR

Dr. V.S. KRISHNA GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE (A), VISAKHAPATNAM
ZOOLOGY PRACTICAL SYLLABUS FOR V SEMESTER
COURSE – 5: IMMUNOLOGY AND ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Periods: 24

Max. Marks: 50

Learning Objectives:

- Acquainting student with immunological techniques vis-à-vis theory taught in the class room
- Interconnect the theoretical and practical knowledge of immunity with the outer world for the development of a healthier life.
- Demonstrate basic laboratory skills necessary for Biotechnology research
- Promoting application of the lab techniques for taking up research in higher studies

I. IMMUNOLOGY

1. Demonstration of lymphoid organs (as per UGC guidelines)
2. Histological study of spleen, thymus and lymph nodes (through prepared slides)
3. Blood group determination
4. Demonstration of
 - a. ELISA
 - b. Immunoelectrophoresis

II. Animal biotechnology

1. DNA quantification using DPA Method.
2. Techniques: Western Blot, Southern Hybridization, DNA Fingerprinting
3. Separation, Purification of biological compounds by paper, Thin-layer and Column chromatography
4. Cleaning and sterilization of glass and plastic wares for cell culture.
5. Preparation of culture media.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Immunology Lab Biology 477 Lab Manual; Spring 2016 Dr. Julie Jameson

2. Practical Immunology A Laboratory Manual; **LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing**

3. Manual of laboratory experiments in cell biology by Edward, G

4. Laboratory Techniques by Plummer